



RB-401

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

English : Paper - 503

(Foundation Compulsory English)

(Text - CATALYST) (New Course)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Total Marks : 35

Instructions :

- (1) Figures to the right indicate marks.
(2) Indicate your options clearly.

1 (A) (a) Rudyard Kipling's Values in Life explores

the theme of greed, honesty, conflict and
acceptance. - Explain.

OR

(b) Kate Chopin's The story of an Hour
examines the impact of societal
expectations on one's internal life and what
happens when one breaks free of them.
- Discuss.

(B) Answer the following questions in brief : 10

- (any five)
(1) What was Swami Vivekanand's message to
the world?
(2) Why was Swami Vivekanand grateful to the
west?

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[Contd...

- (3) What were the gentlemen discussing in the opening of the story 'The Bet'?
- (4) What is natural food colouring?
- (5) How did Mr. Bentley supposedly die?
- (6) What does the open window symbolize in the life of Mrs. Mallard?
- (7) What is the central theme of 'The story of an Hour'?
- (8) Why do you think the young man made a bet with the banker?

2 Fill in the blanks with correct options from these given in the brackets. (any ten) 10

- (1) My friend is busy now. He _____ on what's App. (is chatting, was chatting)
- (2) Don't use mobile while you _____. (were driving, are driving)
- (3) India _____ free in 1947. (become, became)
- (4) The college _____ the internal tests from next Monday. (conduct, will conduct)
- (5) Water _____ at 100 degree centigrade. (boil, boils)
- (6) All that glitters _____ not gold. (are, is)
- (7) One of my friends _____ admission in M.B.B.S. (take, takes)
- (8) The king with his servants _____ present. (was, were)

(b) Write an application for the post of a librarian.

OR

3 (a) Draft an application for the post of a computer operator. 7

(is, are)

(12) A group of people _____ standing there.

(11) A number of girls _____ come. (has, have)

(have saved, had saved)

(10) I _____ document before the computer crashed.

(am watching, was watching)

(9) When he came, I _____ T.V.9 news.



RB-402

Seat No.

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Chemistry : Paper - CC CH-501

(Inorganic Chemistry)

Time : 2.30 Hours

[Total Marks : 70

સુધમાં : બધા જ પ્રશ્નો ઉત્તરિયાત છે.

1 નીચેનામાંથી કોઈ પણ બે પ્રશ્નોના ઉત્તર લખો.

(1) અપરકર્યક સંકલિત આનરોક્ષની અને બાહ્ય ક્ષેત્રની પ્રક્રિયાઓની

પ્રકાશિત સમજાવો.

(2) ટાન્સ અસર એટલે શું? યોગ્ય ઉદાહરણ આપી ટાન્સ અસર સમજાવો.

(3) ક્રિપ્ટોવનવનવાસ અને π બંધનવાસ પર નોંધ લખો.

2 નીચેનામાંથી કોઈ પણ બે પ્રશ્નોના ઉત્તર લખો.

(1) લિથિયમ (Li)ની કાર્બાઇલિટ સંયોજનોની બનાવટ, ઉત્પાદો

અને સંરચના લખો.

(2) કાર્બાઇલિટ સંયોજનોની નામકરણ ઉદાહરણ સહિત સમજાવો.

(3) કાર્બાઇલિટ સંયોજનોના એટલે શું? તેના પ્રકાર સમજાવો.

3 નીચેનામાંથી કોઈ પણ બે પ્રશ્નોના ઉત્તર લખો.

(1) યાત્રિક ક્ષારણ એટલે શું? ટાન્સાઇલિટ અને લિથિમ ટાન્સાઇલિટ

ક્ષારણ સમજાવો.

(2) પાટો ક્ષારણ અને વિજયમનિકરણ પર નોંધ લખો.

(3) નિરોધકતા પ્રકાર આપી ક્ષણિક અને એન્ટીક ક્ષણિક નિરોધક સમજાવો.

4 નીચેનામાંથી કોઈ પણ બે પ્રશ્નોના ઉત્તર લખો.

(1) ટાન્સ અસરના ઉત્પાદો સમજાવો.

(2) એલ્યુમિનિયમ (Al)ની કાર્બાઇલિટ સંયોજનો વિશે નોંધ લખો.

(3) ટૂંક નોંધ લખો : વાનાવરણમાં શર્કે ક્ષારણ.

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[Contd...

ENGLISH VERSION

Instruction : All questions are compulsory.

- 1 Write any two answers of the following. 18
- (1) Explain : Inner sphere and Outer sphere mechanism for octahedral complex.
 - (2) What is Trans Effect? Explain Trans Effect with suitable examples.
 - (3) Write a note on Polarization theory and π bonding theory.

- 2 Write any two answers of the following. 17
- (1) Explain preparation, uses and structure of Organometallic compounds of Lithium (Li).
 - (2) Explain the nomenclature of Organometallic compounds with example.
 - (3) What are Organometallic compounds? Explain the types of Organometallic compounds.

- 3 Write any two answers of the following. 18
- (1) What is metallic corrosion? Explain the chemical and electro chemical corrosion.
 - (2) Write a short note on "Pitting corrosion and Disinfection".
 - (3) Give types of inhibitors and explain the anodic and cathodic inhibitors.

- 4 Write any two answers of the following. 17
- (1) Explain the uses of Trans effect.
 - (2) Write a short note on "Organometallic compounds of Aluminium (Al)".
 - (3) Write a short note on "Corrosion exhibited on atmosphere".

ENGLISH VERSION

- 18 Answer any two of the following :
 (1) Discuss the isomerism of Oxime.
 (2) Write a short note on Backmann-Rearrangement.
 (3) Write a short note on Optical-isomerism of Di-phenyl compounds.
- 17 Answer any two of the following :
 (1) What are isoprenoids? Explain the classification.
 Write isoprene rule with its limitations.
 (2) Give the reaction which prove the constitution of Lactose.
 (3) Prove the $C_1 - C_4$ Linkage in "Maltose".
- 3 Answer any two of the following :
 (1) What is Nucleophilic substitution reaction?
 Give the reaction mechanism of SN_1 Reaction.
 (2) Discuss any two factors effecting on Nucleophilic substitution reaction.
 (3) Explain $E_1 - E_2$ Reaction Mechanism with proper examples.
- 4 Answer any two of the following :
 (1) Draw the conformers of cis and trans 1-2-Dimethylcyclohexane and explain their stability.
 (2) Explain the structure of "Citral".
 (3) Discuss the Neighbouring group effect in Nucleophilic Substitution Reaction.
- 18 Answer any two of the following :
 (1) Discuss the isomerism of Oxime.
 (2) Write a short note on Backmann-Rearrangement.
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 (2) Explain the structure of "Citral".
 (3) Discuss the Neighbouring group effect in Nucleophilic Substitution Reaction.

- (5) ΔH_f° values and ΔG_f° values are given below.
- at 300 K ΔH_f° values are given below.
- at 150 K $\Delta H_f^\circ = 1255.2 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$ is given.
- $C_p^\circ(l) = 25.10 \text{ (150K < T < 300K)}$
- $C_p^\circ(s) = 20.92 \text{ (50K < T < 150K)}$
- $C_p^\circ(s) = 16.74 \times 10^{-5} T^3 \text{ (0 < T < 50K)}$
- (6) ΔH_f° and C_p° values are given below.

Ni^{2+} and Ni^{3+} ions are given below.

at 25°C ΔH_f° values are given below.



- (7) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (8) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (9) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (10) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (11) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (12) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (13) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (14) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (15) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (16) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (17) ΔH_f° values are given below.

- (1) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (2) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (3) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (4) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (5) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (6) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (7) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (8) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (9) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (10) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (11) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (12) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (13) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (14) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (15) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (16) ΔH_f° values are given below.
- (17) ΔH_f° values are given below.

ENGLISH VERSION

Instructions :

Necessary Constants :

$$N = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$h = 6.627 \times 10^{-27} \text{ erg} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$= 6.627 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$K = 1.38 \times 10^{-16} \text{ erg} \cdot \text{deg}^{-1} = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J} \cdot \text{deg}^{-1}$$

$$C = 3 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm/s}, F = 96500 \text{ coulomb}$$

$$R = 1.987 \text{ cal deg}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} = 8.314 \text{ J}$$

$$1 \text{ \AA} = 10^{-8} \text{ cm} = 10^{-10} \text{ meter}$$

1

Answer any two :

18

(a) Give the application of emf determination to

decide dissociation constant of Acetic Acid

(b) Define Concentration Cell and derive following

$$\text{equation : } E = \pm \frac{RT}{nF} \ln \frac{V_1}{V_2} \text{ or } E = \pm \frac{RT}{nF} \ln \frac{q_1}{q_2}$$

(c) What is LJP? Describe the equation for liquid-liquid junction potential.

2

Answer any two :

17

(a) What is Adiabatic wall? Explain in detail Zeroth law of Thermodynamics and define temperature

according to that.

(b) Give the statement of Third law of Thermodynamics with the help of that explain the calculation of Entropy of liquid and solid substance.

(c) Explain in detail concept of fugacity and discuss the determination of graphical method for fugacity.

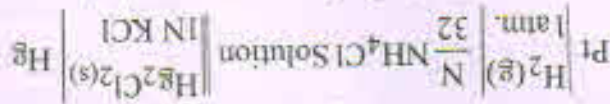
RB-18]

3

[Contd..

- (c) Explain Electrophoresis and Electroosmosis.
temperature:
point so calculate Absolute entropy at 300 K
 $\Delta H_f = 1255.2 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$ at (150 K) melting
 $C_p^p(l) = 25.10 \text{ (150K} < T < 300\text{K)}$
 $C_p^p(s) = 20.92 \text{ (50K} < T < 150\text{K)}$
 $C_p^p(s) = 16.74 \times 10^{-5} T^3 \text{ (0} < T < 50\text{K)}$
 $\text{J} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$

- (b) The value of Heat capacity C_p is given below in
potential of 1N calomel electrode is 0.280 volt.
Hydrolysis for NH_4Cl solution. Reduction
Calculate Hydrolysis constant and degree of



- (a) The emf of following cell is 0.60 Volt at 25 °C

17

Answer any two :

- (c) Explain in detail - Optical Properties of colloid.
and Electro dialysis (ii) Ultra filtration.
(b) Explain Purification method of colloid (i) Dialysis
method for preparation of Lyophobic Sol.
example and discuss Breding electrical dispersion
(a) Explain a Lyophilic and Lyophobic sol with

18

Answer any two :

4

3

1

- (a) $\delta = 7.82-8.1$ ppm (5H)
- (b) $\delta = 4.78$ ppm (2H)
- (c) $\delta = 3.49$ ppm (1H)

NMR : $C^3H^8O^2$

- 2
- (1) $\delta = 7.82-8.1$ ppm (5H) : $\delta = 4.78$ ppm (2H) : $\delta = 3.49$ ppm (1H)
 - (2) $\delta = 7.82-8.1$ ppm (5H) : $\delta = 4.78$ ppm (2H) : $\delta = 3.49$ ppm (1H)

17

- 3
- (1) $\delta = 7.82-8.1$ ppm (5H) : $\delta = 4.78$ ppm (2H) : $\delta = 3.49$ ppm (1H)
 - (2) $\delta = 7.82-8.1$ ppm (5H) : $\delta = 4.78$ ppm (2H) : $\delta = 3.49$ ppm (1H)
 - (3) $\delta = 7.82-8.1$ ppm (5H) : $\delta = 4.78$ ppm (2H) : $\delta = 3.49$ ppm (1H)

18

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours [Total Marks : 70

(Analytical & Structural Chemistry)

Chemistry : CC CH-504

October - 2023

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

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(3) 25 ml of 0.1 M glycine is titrated with 0.1 M NaOH and 50 ml of 0.1 M NaOH (2) 12.5 ml (3) 25 ml (1) 37.5 ml (4) 50 ml. The pH is 9.5.

(1) Calculate the pH of a 0.1 M solution of glycine. (2) Calculate the pH of a 0.1 M solution of glycine after the addition of 0.05 M NaOH. (3) Calculate the pH of a 0.1 M solution of glycine after the addition of 0.1 M NaOH.

17

(1) Calculate the pH of a 0.1 M solution of glycine. (2) Calculate the pH of a 0.1 M solution of glycine after the addition of 0.05 M NaOH. (3) Calculate the pH of a 0.1 M solution of glycine after the addition of 0.1 M NaOH.

18

(3) Calculate the pH of a 0.1 M solution of glycine after the addition of 0.1 M NaOH. (4) Calculate the pH of a 0.1 M solution of glycine after the addition of 0.2 M NaOH.

ENGLISH VERSION

18 Answer any two :

- (1) What is improper rotational axis? Prove by suitable example that $S_{2n}^n = E$ if $n = \text{odd}$ integer in S_n and $S_n^n = E$ if $n = \text{even}$ integer in S_n .
- (2) Write the symmetry elements and determine point group present in the following atoms :
 Trans N_2F_2 , $XeOF_4$, $CHCl_3$, $CFCIBr$ and Anthracene.
- (3) Prove that point group C_{3v} is not abelian, while point group C_{6h} is abelian.

17 Answer any two :

- (1) What is chemical shift? Explain the effect of solvents using suitable examples of chemical shifts.
- (2) Determine structural formula using the given spectral data :

Molecular Formula : $C_8H_8O_2$

NMR : (a) Singlet $\delta = 3.49$ ppm (1H)

(b) Singlet $\delta = 4.78$ ppm (2H)

(c) Complex $\delta = 7.82-8.1$ ppm (5H)

(3) When 25 ml of 0.1 M tribasic acid ($K_{a1} = 1 \times 10^{-3}$, $K_{a2} = 1 \times 10^{-8}$, $K_{a3} = 1 \times 10^{-13}$) is titrated with 0.1 M NaOH, calculate pH at initially and after addition of 12.5 ml and 25 ml of 0.1 M NaOH.

- example:
- (2) What are principal and secondary axis of rotation? Prove $C_2^2 = E$ using suitable
- (1) Explain the acetylenic protons are shielded while aldehydic protons are deshielded.

4 Answer any two : 17

- (3) Calculate the pH of 50 ml 0.1 M solution of a weak acid ($K_a = 1.00 \times 10^{-5}$) when titrated with a 0.1 N NaOH solution, after addition of 25 ml, 40 ml and 50 ml of NaOH.
- (2) Write a short note on Acid-Base Indicators.
- (1) Explain Gran plots for acid-base titrations.

3 Answer any two : 18

- (3) Explain the informations obtained from NMR spectrum from its signal location, no. of signals, signal splitting and height of signal for an atom.

- 1
- (1) What is dye? Write in brief on classification of dyes, according to method of colouring the fibers.
 - (2) What is dye? Write in brief on chromophore and auxochrome.
 - (3) Write in brief on Optical Brighteners.
- Answer any two questions in details:

20

ENGLISH VERSION

- (1) What is dye? Write in brief on classification of dyes, according to method of colouring the fibers.
 - (2) What is dye? Write in brief on chromophore and auxochrome.
 - (3) Write in brief on Optical Brighteners.
 - (4) What is dye? Write in brief on chromophore and auxochrome.
 - (5) What is dye? Write in brief on chromophore and auxochrome.
 - (6) What is dye? Write in brief on chromophore and auxochrome.
 - (7) What is dye? Write in brief on chromophore and auxochrome.
 - (8) What is dye? Write in brief on chromophore and auxochrome.
- 3
- What is dye? Write in brief on chromophore and auxochrome.

20 Answer any two question in details:

- (1) Give the synthesis and uses of Congo Red and Crystal Violet.
- (2) Give the synthesis and uses of Eriochrome Black-T and Methylene Blue.
- (3) Give the synthesis of Ros Aniline and Saffranin-T and write their uses.

10 Answer any five questions:

- (1) Give any two names of Optical Brighteners.
- (2) Which system is located in Indigo?
- (3) Which Azo dyes example is Congo Red?
- (4) Give structure of Methylene Blue.
- (5) Give the definition of Dyes with example.
- (6) Give the any two structure of Triphenyl methane dyes.
- (7) Write the name and structural formula of any two dyes used as an Indicator.
- (8) Give difference between Dyes and Pigments.

- 2 Answer any two:
 (1) Discuss Flame Emission Spectroscopy.
 (2) Discuss Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy.
 (3) Discuss Total Consumption burner and Premix Burners.
- 1 Answer any two:
 (1) Application of Lambert-Beer's law.
 (2) Discuss Colorimetry.
 (3) Explain Spectrophotometry.

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ENGLISH VERSION

- 2 ଶିଠି ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଉଦାହରଣ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ:
 (1) ଶିଠି ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଉଦାହରଣ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ।
 (2) ଶିଠିର ପରିଚାଳନା ଉଦାହରଣ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ।
 (3) ଶିଠିର ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଉଦାହରଣ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ।
- 1 ଶିଠି ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ ଉଦାହରଣ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ:
 (1) ଶିଠିର ପରିଚାଳନା ଉଦାହରଣ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ।
 (2) ଶିଠିର ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଉଦାହରଣ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ।
 (3) ଶିଠିର ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଉଦାହରଣ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ।

17

18

(New Course)

(2) Spectrophotometry : SECH-505(B)

બંધાયેલ છે.

$$X^2 Y'' + XY' + (X^2 - m^2)Y = 0 \text{ માટે } X=0 \text{ બંધાયેલ છે.}$$

બંધાયેલ છે. [સંકેતિત]

(3) બંધાયેલ છે (સંકેતિત) [સંકેતિત અનુસાર સંકેતિત છે]

(2) નીચે આપેલ છે : બંધાયેલ છે.

[સંકેતિત છે]

(1) બંધાયેલ છે અને બંધાયેલ છે (સંકેતિત) અનુસાર છે.

10

(બ) બંધાયેલ છે અને બંધાયેલ છે : [સંકેતિત છે]

$$X = 0 \text{ બંધાયેલ છે અને બંધાયેલ છે (સંકેતિત) અનુસાર છે.}$$

(2) બંધાયેલ છે અને બંધાયેલ છે : [સંકેતિત છે]

[સંકેતિત છે]

(1) બંધાયેલ છે અને બંધાયેલ છે (સંકેતિત) અનુસાર છે.

08

1 (અ) બંધાયેલ છે અને બંધાયેલ છે : [સંકેતિત છે]

સંકેતિત : સંકેતિત અને બંધાયેલ છે (સંકેતિત) અનુસાર છે.

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

Total Marks : 70

(New Course)

Quantum Mechanics)

(Mathematical Physics, Classical Mechanics &

Physics : Paper-CC-PHY-501

October - 2023

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

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- (9) કોઈ પણ ક્રમની માત્રિકા A માટે :
- (1) ક્રમની માત્રિકા A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (2) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (3) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (4) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (5) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (6) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (7) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (8) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.

- (10) કોઈ પણ ક્રમની માત્રિકા A માટે :
- (1) લેન્ડર (Lagrange) અણુકો માટે લેન્ડર સમીકરણ માન્ય હોય છે.
 - (2) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (3) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (4) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (5) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (6) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (7) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.
 - (8) A અને A^T એક સરખી હોય છે.

Instruction : Symbols used have usual meaning.

1 (a) Attempt any **one** question : 8

(1) Separate the Laplace equation for the spherical polar co-ordinates system.

(2) Obtain the solution of a differential equation $Y'' + 2XY' + 2Y = 0$ at $X=0$ point by using power series method.

(b) Attempt any **two** questions : 10

(1) Separate the Helmholtz equation for Cartesian co-ordinates system.

(2) Write a note on Curvilinear co-ordinates.

(3) Define Singular point. Prove that $X=0$ point for the Bessel differential equation $X^2 Y'' + XY' + (X^2 - m^2)Y = 0$ is a Singular point.

2 (a) Attempt any **one** question : 7

(1) What is constraint ? Discuss the types of constraints with illustration.

(2) Obtain Lagrange's equation for a conservative holonomic system.

- (3) Prove that $[L_x, L_y] = \hbar L_z$
- (2) Write a note on Dirac delta function.
- (iii) $[AB]^2 = B^2 + A^2$
- (i) $[A+B]^2 = A^2 + B^2$
- (1) Prove that
- (b) Attempt any two questions :
- (2) Obtain the generalized form of Uncertainty principle for the operators A and B.
- (ii) Eigen functions are mutually perpendicular for a different eigen values.
- (i) Eigen values of a Hermitian operator are real.
- (1) Prove that for a Hermitian operator
- (a) Attempt any one question :
- (3) 8
- (1) When Coriolis force effected on a free falling particle, obtain the formula for the displacement.
- (2) Write a note on Generalized co-ordinates.
- (3) Obtain the necessary equation of motion for the simple pendulum by using Lagranges equation.
- (b) Attempt any two questions :
- 10

- 4 (a) Attempt any six questions : 12
- (1) Write down only differential equation for Laguerre Polynomial.
- (2) For the Generalized co-ordinates system write down only formula for the Laplacian $(\nabla^2 u)$ and $(\text{Curl } (\nabla \times A))$.
- (3) Obtain the value of $\Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)$
- (4) If q_0 is cyclic then prove that $P_0 = \text{constant}$.
- (5) Give two points for the comparison of Lagrangian formulation and Newtonian formulation.
- (6) Give two difference between Kroncker Delta function and Dirac Delta function.
- (7) Prove that expectation value of \hat{A} ($\langle \hat{A} \rangle$) is a positive.
- (8) Prove that $[X, P_X] = i\hbar$.
- (b) Attempt any five questions : 5
- (1) Write down Scale factors for the Cartesian co-ordinates system.
- (2) Define Basis vectors.

-
- (3) Which is the common co-ordinate in the cylindrical co-ordinate and Cartesian co-ordinate system ?
 - (4) Write down only the formula for the coriolis force.
 - (5) Lagrangian (L) is function of _____ (Position and momentum, Velocity and momentum, Position and velocity)
 - (6) Define : Linear operator.
 - (7) What do you mean by Non Degenerate eigen value ?



RB-416

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Physics : Paper-CC-PHY-502

(Statistical Mechanics, Solid State Physics &

Plasma Physics)

(New Course)

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

1. (a) α ને β સહી જણાવવા :

- (1) સ્થિતિસ્થિતિમાં સૂર્ય (સૂર્ય, મંગળ, શુક્ર અને પૃથ્વી) તરફના ગોળા, બીજા તરફના સમગ્ર સમગ્ર
- (2) દિવસ પસંદ કરવા.

(b) α ને β જણાવવા :

- (1) ક્ષતિ અને સુક્ષ્મ ક્ષતિ સહી
- (2) પાલ સ્થિતિમાં સૂર્યની તરફના સમગ્ર
- (3) α ને બીજા સમગ્ર

2. (a) α ને β સહી જણાવવા :

- (1) સૂર્યની તરફના સમગ્ર સૂર્યની તરફના સમગ્ર
- (2) સૂર્યની તરફના સમગ્ર સૂર્યની તરફના સમગ્ર

RB-416] 1 [Contd...

- 4 (a) 12
- (1) સમીક્ષાપત્રિકામાં સીમા સુધીના વિષયોમાં કયામાં ઉપરોક્ત મોડો?
 - (2) "સાંસ્કૃતિક કક્ષિતી વધારવામાં સરકારની ભૂલો" શબ્દ કે મોડો?
 - (3) સમીક્ષાપત્રિકામાં સુધી જણાવેલ
 - (4) કઈ શિક્ષક વિષયો વિષયોમાં મહત્તમ મૂલ્ય જણાવેલ છે?
 - (5) વ્યક્તિ કોણે કોણે કોણે?
 - (6) નીચામાં નીચામાં ઉલ્લેખિત વિષયોમાં કયામાં કયામાં?
 - (7) કયામાં કયામાં કયામાં?
 - (8) કયામાં કયામાં કયામાં?
- 3 (a) 8
- (1) કયામાં કયામાં કયામાં?
 - (2) કયામાં કયામાં કયામાં?
 - (3) કયામાં કયામાં કયામાં?
- 10 (b) 10
- (1) કયામાં કયામાં કયામાં?
 - (2) કયામાં કયામાં કયામાં?
 - (3) કયામાં કયામાં કયામાં?

- 1 (a) Write the answer to any **one** :
- (1) State all four (zero, first, second and third) laws of thermodynamics, explain second law in detail.
 - (2) Explain Gibbs paradox.
- (b) Write answer of any **two** :
- (1) Describe reversible and irreversible processes.
 - (2) Explain Curie's law for paramagnetism.
 - (3) Explain the physical interpretation of α .
- 8
- 10

ENGLISH VERSION

- (a) में से किसी एक का उत्तर दीजिए :
- (1) MHD में चुंबकीय प्रभाव का वर्णन कीजिए।
 - (2) वास्तव में कौन से कानून हैं और वे क्या हैं?
 - (3) तापगतिकी के नियमों का वर्णन कीजिए।
 - (4) Stellator में चुंबकीय क्षेत्र का वर्णन कीजिए।
 - (5) वास्तव में कौन से कानून हैं और वे क्या हैं?
 - (6) चुंबकीय प्रभाव का वर्णन कीजिए।
 - (7) चुंबकीय प्रभाव का वर्णन कीजिए।
- 5

- 4 (a) Write the answer to any six :
 (1) What is the zeroth order law of thermodynamics useful for ?
 (2) "Reversible process is not possible in practice" True or False ?
 (3) State the purpose of thermodynamics.
 (4) What is the maximum value of the Fermi Dirac distribution function ?
 (5) What is vacuum level ?
- 12
- 3 (a) Write the answer to any one :
 (1) Describe plasma as a gas mixture.
 (2) Describe Maxwell's equations in homogeneous plasma.
 (b) Write the answer to any two :
 (1) Explain the pinch effect.
 (2) Explain Lawson criteria.
 (3) Write a short note on Tokamak.
- 10
- 8 (a) Write the answer to any one :
 (1) Describe plasma as a gas mixture.
 (2) Describe Maxwell's equations in homogeneous plasma.
 (b) Write the answer to any two :
 (1) Explain Fermi Dirac distribution function.
 (2) Derive the formula of Hall coefficient R_H .
 (3) Explain dielectric losses.
- 10
- 7 (a) Write the answer to any one :
 (1) Derive the formula for thermal conductivity of metals and using that write Wiedeman fringe's law.
 (2) Describe in detail plasma current in metal.

- (6) At low temperature the contribution of electron to the specific heat capacity depends on ?
- (7) What is magneto plasma ?
- (8) What is the Coulomb barrier ?
- (b) Answer any five :
- (1) Give full name of MHD.
- (2) How many types of waves are found in plasma ?
- (3) Write the formula for cyclotron frequency.
- (4) What is the function of stellarator ?
- (5) State the unit of Hall variable.
- (6) What is an ideal gas ?
- (7) Magnetic susceptibility.....for diamagnetic substance.
- (a) 0
 (b) negative
 (c) positive
 (d) infinity

જણાવો.

(3) સ્વચ્છતા અને સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ

જણાવો.

(2) કોઈ એક સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ $P_1(E)$ નો

જણાવો.

(1) કોઈ એક સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ $P_2(E)$ નો

10 (બ) કોઈ એક સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ $P_3(E)$ નો : $P_1(E)$ નો સંબંધ

(2) કોઈ એક સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ

(1) કોઈ એક સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ $P_4(E)$ નો

8 (બ) કોઈ એક સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ $P_5(E)$ નો : $P_1(E)$ નો સંબંધ

(2) કોઈ એક સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ $P_6(E)$ નો

જવાબ : (1) કોઈ એક સ્વચ્છતા સંબંધિત સંદેશ $P_7(E)$ નો

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

[Total Marks : 70]

(Nuclear Physics & Molecular Physics) (New Course)

Physics : CC PHY 503

October - 2023

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

RB-425 Seat No.



समाप्त

- 3 (क) निम्नलिखित का नो बॉस कानोनी समीकरण लिखिए :
- (1) ${}^1_0\text{n} + {}^{235}_{92}\text{U} \rightarrow {}^{141}_{54}\text{Xe} + {}^{92}_{38}\text{Sr} + 3\text{H}^1_0\text{n}$
- (2) ${}^2_1\text{H} + {}^3_1\text{H} \rightarrow {}^4_2\text{He} + \text{H}^1_0\text{n}$

- (3) ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ की अर्ध-जीवन अवधि 4.5 बिलियन वर्ष है। ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ की सक्रियता 1 ग्राम ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ में कितनी होगी?
- (1) ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ की अर्ध-जीवन अवधि 4.5 बिलियन वर्ष है। ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ की सक्रियता 1 ग्राम ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ में कितनी होगी?
- (2) $A = 91$ परमाणु संख्या वाले दो समस्थानकों ${}^A_Z\text{X}$ और ${}^A_{Z+2}\text{X}$ का औसत परमाणु भार 91.75 है। Z का मान ज्ञात करें।

- 10 (क) निम्नलिखित का नो बॉस कानोनी समीकरण लिखिए :

- (1) ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ की अर्ध-जीवन अवधि 4.5 बिलियन वर्ष है। ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ की सक्रियता 1 ग्राम ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ में कितनी होगी?
- (2) ${}^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ की अर्ध-जीवन अवधि 7.1 बिलियन वर्ष है। ${}^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ की सक्रियता 1 ग्राम ${}^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ में कितनी होगी?

- 7 (क) निम्नलिखित का नो बॉस कानोनी समीकरण लिखिए :

- 1 (a) Attempt any one :
 (1) Discuss α -decay paradox for barrier penetration.
 (2) Explain Pauli's neutrino hypothesis.

8

Instructions : (1) Symbols are as usual meaning.
 (2) Figures at right side indicate mark of question.

ENGLISH VERSION

- (1) α किरण की कमीनो शक्ति बताइए।
 (1) α किरण की कमीनो शक्ति बताइए।
 (2) α किरण की कमीनो शक्ति बताइए।
 (3) α किरण की कमीनो शक्ति बताइए।
 (4) α किरण की कमीनो शक्ति बताइए।
 (5) α किरण की कमीनो शक्ति बताइए।
 (6) α किरण की कमीनो शक्ति बताइए।
 (7) α किरण की कमीनो शक्ति बताइए।

5

(3) Write a short note on Nuclear reactor.

$$t = 0.96 \text{ meV}$$

$$M_p = 1.007825, 1 \text{ amu} = 931.48 \text{ meV}$$

$$M_n = 1.008665 \text{ amu, Mass of Proton}$$

$$[q_n = 19 \text{ meV, Mass of neutron}$$

isobar.

estimate nuclear charge of the most stable

(2) For the family of isobars with $A = 91$.

(1) Explain quantum number of basic particle.

(b) Attempt any two : 10

Fission of ${}_{92}^{235}\text{U}$.

(2) Give explanation of energy released in

energy term B_c in binding energy of nucleus.

(1) Explain surface energy term B_s and Coulomb

(a) Attempt any one : 7

Scattering.

(3) Estimate the size of nucleus from Rutherford

calculate $p_1(E)$.

(2) Explain Fermi theory of β -decay and

is an alternative to γ -decay.

(1) Discuss an internal conversion process which

(b) Attempt any two : 10

- 4 (a) Attempt any six :
- (1) Explain what is a long range α -particles.
 - (2) Why the detection of neutrino is complicated?
 - (3) Write four-factor formula for multiplication factor.
 - (4) State the type of Mesons.

12

- (b) Attempt any two :
- (1) Discuss different types of molecular spectra.
 - (2) The force constant of the bond in CO molecule is 1870 N/m. Calculate the frequency of vibration of the molecule and spacing between its vibrational energy levels in eV.
(Mass of CO = 1.14×10^{-26} kg;
 $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-27}$ erg-sec)
 - (3) Discuss the 'Born-oppenheimer' Approximation.

10

- 3 (a) Attempt any one :
- (1) Consider molecule as a rigid rotator. Obtain Schrodinger equation and discuss its solutions.
 - (2) Consider molecule as a harmonic oscillator and explain vibrational spectra.

8

- (5) Give quarks model of proton and neutron.
- (6) Discuss molecular requirement for rotational spectra.
- (7) What is dissociation energy. De for molecule?
- (8) Draw the mass parabolas for isobaric family $A = 104$.
- (b) Attempt any five : 5
- (1) _____ is an antiparticle of electron.
- (2) Radius of nucleus is _____ cm.
- (3) In which region of electromagnetic spectra, pure rotational spectra found?
- (4) Complete the reaction ;
- $${}^3_1\text{H} \rightarrow \text{_____} + {}^0_{-1}\text{e}$$
- (5) Which molecules give vibrational - rotational spectra?
- (6) Give the name of moderator used in nuclear reactor.
- (7) Write a unit of wave number.



RB-434

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Physics : CC-PHY-504

(Electronics & Computer)

(New Course)

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

[Total Marks : 70]

1 (अ) एक कम्पनी द्वारा किया गया :

(1) आधार T प्रदर्शक समूहित आर्गनिक सेन प्रभाव।

(2) कीटाणुनाशक सेल पर टैन्ट्रॉयड सेल।

(ब) एक सेल के कम्पनी द्वारा किया गया :

(1) क्वार्ट्ज प्रदर्शक T प्रदर्शक सेल सेन प्रभाव।

आधार समूहित।

(2) आधार कीटनार समूहित किया।

(3) LDR की व्यवस्था की।

2 (अ) एक सेल के कम्पनी द्वारा किया गया :

(1) CEM की क्वार्ट्ज प्रदर्शक कीटाणुनाशक आधार, आधार प्रदर्शक, क्वार्ट्ज प्रदर्शक और क्वार्ट्ज प्रदर्शक।

सेन प्रभाव।

(2) RC प्रदर्शक क्वार्ट्ज प्रदर्शक और प्रभाव प्रदर्शक सेन प्रभाव।

(ब) एक सेल के कम्पनी द्वारा किया गया :

(1) कीटनार आधार प्रदर्शक और CE प्रदर्शक प्रदर्शक।

आधार प्रदर्शक प्रदर्शक और समूहित।

(2) RC प्रदर्शक प्रभाव और प्रदर्शक प्रभाव।

(3) प्रदर्शक प्रभाव प्रदर्शक प्रभाव प्रभाव।

10

7

10

8

[Contd...]

- (7) $Z_{1sc} = 1\Omega$, $Z_{1oc} = 2\Omega$, $Z_{2sc} = 3\Omega$ and $Z_{2oc} = 4\Omega$ and the $Z_B =$ _____
- (6) DIAC च आर्क गुण बता।
- (5) 3375 ओ character विशेषता छै? (आर्क 3 भाई)
- (4) 7.250 ओ im छै? (आर्क 3 भाई)
- (3) ट्राइए असेंबलीकरणनी माधुम्यता बता।
- (2) Long int असेबे से?
- (1) इण्डिगना गुण लुई बता।
- 5 (a) ओ ते पाँच कमीना बरान आथि :
 (8) माड असेंबलीकरणनी माधुम्यता बरेबरेपुन बता।
 (7) डेल असेबे से असेबे से?
 (6) ट्राइए इण्डिगना ओ ते से इण्डिगना असेबे से?
 (5) Print फी इण्डिगना बता।
 (4) ओस इण्डिगना बता।
 (3) मस्टर असेंबलीकरणनी schematic गणान बता।
 (2) इण्डिगना असेबे से?
 (1) इण्डिगना गुण लुई बता।
- 12 (a) ओ ते छे कमीना बरान आथि :
 (3) C भाषा में विशेषतानी समझनी बता।
 (2) ट्राइए से से ट्राइए समझनी बता।
 (1) नोडल से से ट्राइए समझनी बता।
- 10 (a) ओ ते से कमीना बरान आथि :
 (2) ट्राइए से से ट्राइए समझनी बता।
 (1) C भाषा में से से ट्राइए समझनी बता।
- 8 (a) ओ ते से से कमीना बरान आथि :
 (1) C भाषा में से से ट्राइए समझनी बता।
 (2) ट्राइए से से ट्राइए समझनी बता।

ENGLISH VERSION

8	(A) Attempt any one :	(1) Explain the parallel T network and obtain the formula of equivalent frequency.
10	(B) Attempt any two :	(2) Write a short note on photovoltaic cell. (1) How to transfer lattice network to T network, explain.
7	(A) Attempt any one :	(2) Describe in brief DIAC. (3) Describe the uses of LDR.
10	(B) Attempt any two :	(2) Obtain low frequency range for RC coupled amplifier. (1) In two stage CE amplifier circuit explain the effect of emitter bypass capacitor.
8	(A) Attempt any one :	(2) Show the advantage and disadvantage of RC coupled. (3) Write a note on direct couple amplifier.
10	(B) Attempt any two :	(1) Explain in brief data type in C language. (2) Draw a transistor shunt circuit explain it.
3	(A) Attempt any one :	(1) Explain briefly negative voltage feedback.
3	(B) Attempt any two :	(2) Explain transistor current regulator. (3) Describe C language variable.

- 4 (A) Attempt any six :
- (1) Write the statement of compensation theorem.
 - (2) What is impedance?
 - (3) Draw a schematic diagram of multistage amplifier.
 - (4) Write the definition of bandwidth.
 - (5) Write use of Print f.
 - (6) What is transfer and mesh impedance?
 - (7) What is data under flow?
 - (8) Show the primary importance of current amplifier.
- 5 (B) Attempt any five :
- (1) Show the main aim of coupling.
 - (2) What is long int?
 - (3) Show primary condition of voltage amplifier.
 - (4) 7.250 is a int? (True or False)
 - (5) 3375 is a character variable? (True or False)
 - (6) Write the full form of DIAC.
 - (7) If $Z_{1oc} = 1\Omega$, $Z_{1sc} = 2\Omega$, $Z_{2oc} = 3\Omega$ and $Z_{2sc} = 4\Omega$ then $Z_B =$ _____

- 8 (a) (1) μ and ν are the refractive index and frequency of light respectively. Derive the relation between μ and ν . (2)
- (2) A ray of light is incident on a surface of separation between two media. Derive the relation between the angle of incidence and the angle of refraction. (2)
- 8 (b) (1) A ray of light is incident on a surface of separation between two media. Derive the relation between the angle of incidence and the angle of refraction. (2)
- (2) A ray of light is incident on a surface of separation between two media. Derive the relation between the angle of incidence and the angle of refraction. (2)

(1) Physics : ES-PHY-07
(Instruments) (New Course)

Time : Hours] [Total Marks : 35

(Energy Technology) (Elective Subject) (New Course)

(2) Physics : ES-PHY-08

(Instruments) (New Course)

(1) Physics : ES-PHY-07

Physics : ES-PHY-07 & ES-PHY-08

October - 2023

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

RB-444-445 Seat No.



- 1 (a) Attempt any **one** question :
 (1) Explain construction and working of Michelson interferometer in detail.
 (2) Explain construction and working of Babinet compensator in detail.
- (1) Figures on R.H.S. indicate individual marks.
 (2) The symbols have their usual meaning.

8

ENGLISH VERSION

- Instructions :
- (1) Figures on R.H.S. indicate individual marks.
 (2) The symbols have their usual meaning.
- 1 (a) Attempt any **one** question :
 (1) Explain construction and working of Michelson interferometer in detail.
 (2) Explain construction and working of Babinet compensator in detail.
- (1) Figures on R.H.S. indicate individual marks.
 (2) The symbols have their usual meaning.
- 2 (a) Attempt any **one** question :
 (1) Explain construction and working of Michelson interferometer in detail.
 (2) Explain construction and working of Babinet compensator in detail.
- (1) Figures on R.H.S. indicate individual marks.
 (2) The symbols have their usual meaning.
- 2 (a) Attempt any **one** question :
 (1) Explain construction and working of Michelson interferometer in detail.
 (2) Explain construction and working of Babinet compensator in detail.
- (1) Figures on R.H.S. indicate individual marks.
 (2) The symbols have their usual meaning.
- 2 (a) Attempt any **one** question :
 (1) Explain construction and working of Michelson interferometer in detail.
 (2) Explain construction and working of Babinet compensator in detail.
- (1) Figures on R.H.S. indicate individual marks.
 (2) The symbols have their usual meaning.
- 2 (a) Attempt any **one** question :
 (1) Explain construction and working of Michelson interferometer in detail.
 (2) Explain construction and working of Babinet compensator in detail.
- (1) Figures on R.H.S. indicate individual marks.
 (2) The symbols have their usual meaning.

2

8

2

8

- (b) Attempt any two questions :
 (1) Describe the method to find out the difference of two nearby wavelengths and refractive index of a medium by using Michelson Interferometer.
 (2) In a Michelson interferometer 200 fringes cross the crosswire of the eyepiece when the movable mirror is displaced through 0.0589 mm. Calculate the wavelength of incident light.
 (3) Derive the necessary equation for the phase difference between ordinary and extra ordinary rays in Babinet compensator.
 (c) Attempt any two questions :
 (1) Least count of Michelson interferometer is _____ mm.
 (2) Which angle of degree two mirrors are arranged in the Michelson interferometer?
 (3) The intensity of fringes obtained in Babinet compensator depends on _____
 (a) Attempt any one questions :
 (1) Derive necessary equation of Magnetic deflection sensitivity in C.R.O.
 (2) Explain the construction and working of G.M. counter.
 (b) Attempt any two questions :
 (1) Describe the method to find out the phase difference between two AC waves by using C.R.O.
 (2) Write the advantages of G.M. counter.
 (3) Write the uses of C.R.O.
 (c) Attempt any two questions :
 (1) Write full name of C.R.O.
 (2) Which quantity remains constant in plateau of G.M. tube?
 (a) Voltage
 (b) Count rate
 (c) (a) and (b)
 (d) None of these
 (3) Write unit of deflection sensitivity.

- (1) $\frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{\lambda_0} + \frac{1}{\lambda_c}$ where $\lambda_c = \frac{h}{m_0 c}$ is the Compton wavelength of the electron. (1)
- (2) The energy of the scattered photon is given by $E = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$. (2)
- (3) The energy of the electron after collision is $E_e = E_0 - E$. (3)
- (4) The Compton shift is $\Delta\lambda = \lambda - \lambda_0 = \frac{h}{m_0 c} (1 - \cos\theta)$. (4)
- (5) The maximum Compton shift is $\Delta\lambda_{max} = \frac{2h}{m_0 c}$. (5)
- (6) The minimum Compton shift is $\Delta\lambda_{min} = 0$. (6)
- (7) The Compton effect is observed for X-rays and gamma rays. (7)
- (8) The Compton effect is not observed for visible light. (8)
- (9) The Compton effect is a direct evidence of the particle nature of light. (9)
- (10) The Compton effect is named after Arthur H. Compton. (10)
- (11) The Compton effect is a quantum mechanical phenomenon. (11)
- (12) The Compton effect is a relativistic phenomenon. (12)
- (13) The Compton effect is a non-linear phenomenon. (13)
- (14) The Compton effect is a non-local phenomenon. (14)
- (15) The Compton effect is a non-thermal phenomenon. (15)
- (16) The Compton effect is a non-dissipative phenomenon. (16)
- (17) The Compton effect is a non-entangled phenomenon. (17)
- (18) The Compton effect is a non-entangled phenomenon. (18)
- (19) The Compton effect is a non-entangled phenomenon. (19)
- (20) The Compton effect is a non-entangled phenomenon. (20)

- (5) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (4) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (3) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (2) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (1) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- 8 (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (5) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (4) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (3) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (2) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- (1) (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$
- 9 (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{16}$ (e) $\frac{1}{32}$

- (3) Define the terms : Beam Radiation, Concentration Ratio, Lines of Longitudes, calculations.
 - (2) Define the solar constant in solar energy and its significance in solar energy.
 - (1) List and explain the merits and limitations of solar energy.
- (b) Attempt any two :
- (2) Describe in detail the essential subsystems in a solar energy plant.
 - (1) State the main routes for harnessing solar energy. Discuss the specific applications and prospects of each route.
- (A) Attempt any one :
- (1) Symbols have their general meanings.
 - (2) Numbers on right side indicate the marks of questions.

ENGLISH VERSION

- (6) ગોળીમાં ઉષ્ણતા માટે સૌર ઊર્જાની ઉપયોગ કરવાની તકનીકોની વિગતો સમજાવવાની કોઈ કોઈ બે સૂચનાઓ આપો?
- (7) સૌર ઊર્જાની કાર્યક્ષમતા સીમા સીમા સુધી સુધારવા માટે કયા કયા ઉપાયો લેવાઈ શકે છે? ગોળીમાં પાણી, વાજીત કરવામાં આવે છે.
- (8) સૌર ઊર્જાની ઉપયોગ કરવા માટેની કોઈ કોઈ બે સૂચનાઓ આપો. વિદ્યુત, મકાન ઘર અને આનંદ-સંતોષ વગેરે (આઉટર ઊભા અને ઇન્ડર ઊભા, આઉટરમાં મળી જાય છે અને સૂઈ મકાનની ઠીકા, વાહર અને વિદ્યુત, મકાન ઘર અને આનંદ-સંતોષ વગેરે) ગોળીમાં સૂઈ રાખે શકાય છે?

- 2 (A) Attempt any **one** : 6
- (1) Describe the method of transmitting solar energy from a satellite station in space to an Earth station on the ground using microwaves. What are the technical and environmental considerations for implementing such a system?
 - (2) Explain the working principles of a solar thermal power supply system designed for a space station. Include details about the key components and how it converts solar energy into electricity for space station operations.
- (B) Attempt any **two** : 6
- (1) Write a short note on Solar Thermo Electric Converter.
 - (2) Explain the Voltage - Current characteristics of a solar cell.
 - (3) Explain the efficiency of Solar cell and Solar module
- 3 (A) Attempt any **three** : 6
- (1) Why solar energy received on the earth surface is not constant?
 - (2) How does the Seebeck effect relate to solar thermoelectric power generation?
 - (3) Briefly state the application of solar energy as a passive heating system.
 - (4) What is the primary advantage of using solar thermal power for space stations compared to other power sources?
 - (5) How the Sun is responsible for all other renewable energy sources?
- (B) Attempt any **five** : 5
- (1) What is the solar constant?
(The average temperature of the Earth's surface, The rate at which the Sun's energy is generated, The amount of solar energy that reaches the Earth's outer atmosphere, The speed of light in a vacuum)

- (2) What is the primary advantage of a solar thermal power supply system for a space station? (High efficiency, Low maintenance, No need for energy storage, Ability to generate power at night)
- (3) If a solar panel has a capacity of 100 watts and it operates for 5 hours, how much energy does it produce?
(20 watt-hours (Wh), 100 watt-hours (Wh), 500 watt-hours (Wh), 5,000 watt-hours (Wh))
- (4) In the concept of transmitting solar energy from a satellite station to an Earth station via microwaves, what is the main advantage?
(Elimination of transmission losses, Continuous energy supply, regardless of weather, Minimal environmental impact, High initial cost savings)
- (5) Solar thermoelectric power generation is based on the Seebeck effect, which involves the conversion of what into electrical energy?
(Solar radiation into heat, Heat gradients into electrical voltage, Mechanical motion into electricity, Sunlight into microwave energy)
- (6) What is one of the environmental benefits of using solar energy for electricity generation?
(Increased carbon emissions, Water pollution, Reduced greenhouse gas emissions, Depletion of ozone layer)
- (7) The efficiency of a solar cell is defined as the ratio of what to what?
(Energy output to energy input, Electrical power output to sunlight intensity, Voltage to current, Maximum power to open-circuit voltage)
- (8) Which route for harnessing solar energy involves the direct conversion of sunlight into electricity? (Photovoltaic (PV), Solar thermal, Concentrating solar power (CSP), Solar desalination)



RB-446

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

ES-BOT-501 : Botany

(Nursery & Gardening)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Total Marks : 35

સૂચના : ૯૨૩ નંબરી જવાબ આપવાની જરૂર હોય તે બાકીના જણાવેલ.

1 (અ) નીચેના નમૂનોનું વિસ્તૃત વર્ણવો : (કોઈપણ એક) 6

(1) નજીની ઉંચા

(2) ઘસાઈની ઉંચે વર્ણવો

(બ) કૃત્રિમ રાખી : (કોઈપણ એક) 6

(1) નજી વણવણી

(2) નજીર કેરોલ

(3) ઘસાઈની ઘસાઈ

2 (અ) નીચેના નમૂનોના વિસ્તૃત જવાબ આપો : (કોઈપણ એક) 6

(1) ઘસાઈની ઘસાઈ અને જંગલોની ઘસાઈની વચ્ચે

આપાઈની વર્ણવો

(2) કોઈ ઉંચેની ઘસાઈ ઘસાઈની ઘસાઈ

(બ) કૃત્રિમ રાખી : (કોઈપણ એક) 6

(1) વૃદ્ધિ વણવણી

(2) કેરોલ ઘસાઈ

(3) ઘસાઈ ઘસાઈ

RB-446]

1

[Contd...

- 2 (A) Describe in detail : (any one) 6
- (1) Describe the planning of manuring and pests in gardening.
- (2) Green house contribution in plant cultivation.
- (B) Write short note : (any two) 6
- (1) Home gardening.
- (2) Cutting.
- (3) Glass house.
- 3 (A) Give short answer : (any three) 6
- (1) Give the definition Gardening.
- (2) Give the definition : Seed testing.
- (3) Give the definition shadehouse.
- (4) Give the definition Hardening of plant.
- (5) Give the definition : Nursery.
- (B) Give the answer as requested : (any five) 5
- (1) What is difference between Park and Garden?
- (2) Another name of Air Kalam?
- (3) What is seed viability?
- (4) Mention the full name of NSC.
- (5) Write two advantages of nursery.
- (6) Write the name of seed protection chemical.
- (7) In which plant is cutting done?



RB-406 Seat No.

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Botany : Paper - CC-BOT-501

(Genetics)

Total Marks : 70

Time : 2 1/2 Hours

સૂચના : (1) બધા પ્રશ્નોમાંથી યોગ્ય પ્રશ્નો ઉપર જવાબ લેવા જરૂરી છે. (2) જમણી બાજુ દર્શાવેલ બેંક પ્રશ્નોમાંથી પૂરો ગણ સંપૂર્ણ છે. (3) ઉપરોક્ત સ્પષ્ટ અને નિશ્ચિતપણે જવાબ આપવા જરૂરી છે.

1 (અ) માધ્યમ પ્રમાણ સંવિસ્તાર & વાળ આપો : (બેંક પે બેંક) (1) મેન્ડેલની કારકિર્દીમાં મેન્ડેલિયન પ્રિન્સિપલનું નિયમ ઉદાહરણ સહિત સમજાવો. (2) અપૂર્ણ પ્રભાવના બેંક શું? ઉદાહરણ સહ સમજાવો. (3) માધ્યમ પ્રમાણ સંવિસ્તાર : (બેંક પે બેંક) (1) જરૂરી પ્રકારના આનુવંશિકતા ઉદાહરણ સહ સમજાવો. (2) મેન્ડેલના જીવનકાળનાં મહત્વનાં ઘટનાં લેખિત કરો.

2 (અ) માધ્યમ પ્રમાણ સંવિસ્તાર & વાળ આપો : (બેંક પે બેંક) (1) વાસ્તવિક જીવનમાં કયા કયા આનુવંશિકતાનાં નિયમો ઉદાહરણ સહ સમજાવો. (2) જાણીતા પ્રકારના ઉદાહરણ સહ સમજાવો. (3) માધ્યમ પ્રમાણ સંવિસ્તાર : (બેંક પે બેંક) (1) જરૂરી પ્રકારના આનુવંશિકતા ઉદાહરણ સહ સમજાવો. (2) મેન્ડેલનાં જીવનકાળનાં મહત્વનાં ઘટનાં લેખિત કરો.

8 (અ) માધ્યમ પ્રમાણ સંવિસ્તાર & વાળ આપો : (બેંક પે બેંક) (1) વાસ્તવિક જીવનમાં કયા કયા આનુવંશિકતાનાં નિયમો ઉદાહરણ સહ સમજાવો. (2) જાણીતા પ્રકારના ઉદાહરણ સહ સમજાવો. (3) માધ્યમ પ્રમાણ સંવિસ્તાર : (બેંક પે બેંક) (1) જરૂરી પ્રકારના આનુવંશિકતા ઉદાહરણ સહ સમજાવો. (2) મેન્ડેલનાં જીવનકાળનાં મહત્વનાં ઘટનાં લેખિત કરો.

- (8) ગુલાબી એલ શી?
- (7) જાન પાવર્તન એલ શી?
- _____ કહો છે.
- (6) શ્રેણીય દોષોની શરૂઆત એક દોષોની શરૂઆત પહેલાં થાય છે.
- (5) દોષોની શરૂઆત એલ શી?
- (4) વાલ્યુટીય એલ શી?
- (3) A શ્રેણીય ધારણા પામી અને O શ્રેણીયની ધારણા પામી ત્યાં શ્રેણીયની શરૂઆત એલ શી?
- _____ કહો છે?
- (2) જાનિટ માનિટ ધારણા શરૂઆત કયા માનિટ દોષોની શરૂઆત થાય છે?
- (1) ધારણા માનિટ : ધારણા શરૂઆત
- (બ) ધારણા માનિટ શરૂઆત : ધારણા શરૂઆત
- (3) ઇન્વર્ઝન (Inversion)
- (2) ઇન્વર્ઝન શરૂઆત
- (1) ઇન્વર્ઝન
- (બ) ધારણા માનિટ શરૂઆત : (બ) શરૂઆત
- (2) ધારણા માનિટ શરૂઆત
- (1) ધારણા માનિટ શરૂઆત (Physical Managers)
- (બ) ધારણા માનિટ શરૂઆત : (બ) શરૂઆત
- (2) ધારણા માનિટ શરૂઆત શરૂઆત શરૂઆત શરૂઆત
- _____ કહો છે.
- (1) ધારણા માનિટ શરૂઆત શરૂઆત
- (બ) ધારણા માનિટ શરૂઆત શરૂઆત : (બ) શરૂઆત

8

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ENGLISH VERSION

- Instructions :**
- (1) There are total four questions in this paper all questions are compulsory.
 - (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks of the questions.
 - (3) Illustrate your answer with neat and labeled diagram.

- 1**
- (A) Describe in detail. (any one) **10**
 - (1) Describe Mendel's Law of Segregation with example.
 - (2) What is Incomplete dominance? Describe with example.
 - (B) Describe in short. (any one) **7**
 - (1) Describe Chloroplast inheritance with example.
 - (2) Mitochondrial mutation in Yeast.

- 2**
- (A) Describe in detail. (any one) **10**
 - (1) What is Crossing over? Discuss the phenomenon of crossing over on Cytological basis.
 - (2) Describe Sex Linkage with example.
 - (B) Describe in short. (any one) **8**
 - (1) Hardy-Weinberg Law
 - (2) Recombination frequency.

- 3**
- (A) Describe in detail. (any one) **10**
 - (1) Describe : Deletion and Duplication as structural changes in chromosomes.
 - (2) What is Polyploids? Describe types of Polyploids.
 - (B) Describe in short. (any one) **7**
 - (1) Physical Mutagens Inducers
 - (2) Describe types of Aneuploidy.

10

4 (A) Write short note: (any two)

(1) Sex chromosome

(2) Three factor crosses

(3) Inversion

(B) Give very short answered questions :

(1) Define : Inheritance.

(2) Write the name of pigment system which is bearing Genetic Information.

(3) Suppose father's blood group A and mother's O, so which blood found in progeny?

(4) What is Pleiotropy?

(5) What is chromosomal Aberration?

(6) In Diploid set of Chromosomes if one chromosome is lost it is

(7) What is Gene mutation?

(8) What is euploidy?



RB-414

Seat No.

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Botany : CC BOT-502

(Molecular Biology)

(New Course)

Time : 2 1/2 Hours

Total Marks : 70

- સૂચના : (1) બધા પ્રશ્નોનું જવાબ આપવું જરૂરી છે. બધા પ્રશ્નો સંતોષકારણ છે.
 (2) જમણી બાજુ દર્શાવેલ બંધ પ્રશ્નોમાં ગણ કરવાની છે.
 (3) તમારા જવાબ સ્પષ્ટ અને નિર્મૂળિતરૂપે આપવામાં આવ્યા છે.

1 (અ) પ્રક્રિયાનું ઉત્તર આપો : (કોઈ પણ બંધ) 10

(i) RNAની રચના અને તેની પ્રકાર.

(ii) ગ્લોબીય બંધ (પ્રકાર).

(બ) ટ્રાન્સક્રિપ્શન : (કોઈ પણ બંધ) 8

(i) હર્સ્ટ અને એડિસ પ્રયોગ.

(ii) DNAનું સાચાણનું વર્ણન.

2 (અ) પ્રક્રિયાનું ઉત્તર આપો : (કોઈ પણ બંધ) 10

(i) આઈ કોમ્પ્લેક્સની રોલ આપો.

(ii) ક્રોમોસોમ બંધન શું? ક્રોમોસોમની પ્રકાર વર્ણવો.

(બ) ટ્રાન્સક્રિપ્શન : (કોઈ પણ બંધ) 7

(i) DNAનું રચન.

(ii) Lac Operon.

RB-414

1

[Contd...]

ENGLISH VERSION

Instructions :

- (1) This question paper contains four questions. All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Figures to the right side indicate the marks of sub question
- (3) Illustrate your answer with labeled diagram.

10	(A)	Give describe answer : (any one) (i) Structure and types of RNA. (ii) Griffith's effect (Experiment)	8
	(B)	Write short note : (any one) (i) Hershey and chase experiment. (ii) Chemical structure of DNA.	8

10	(A)	Give describe answer : (any one) (i) TRP operon in prokaryot. (ii) What is chromatin? Describe the types of chromatin.	7
	(B)	Write short note : (any one) (i) DNA replication. (ii) Lac Operon.	7

10	(A)	Give describe answer : (any one) (i) Translation. (ii) Transcription in Eukaryota	8
	(B)	Write short note : (any one) (i) Characteristics of genetic code. (ii) Central Dogma.	8

RB-414]

3

[Contd...

- 4 (A) Give an answer as directed : (any two) 10
- (i) Frenkel experiment
 - (ii) Types of replication.
 - (iii) Changes after the process of translation.
- (B) Give short answer as directed : 7
- (i) Who discover DNA first time?
 - (ii) Write the chemical structure of RNA.
 - (iii) What is conservative replication?
 - (iv) What is Heterochromatin?
 - (v) Mention the function of RNA polymerase-II
 - (vi) Mention the stages of making m RNA from hn RNA
 - (vii) Mention the genetic code of Methionine.



RB-423

B. Sc. (Sem.-V) Examination

October - 2023

CC-BOT-503 : Plant Ecology & Phytogeography

(New Course)

Seat No. _____

Time : 2 1/2 Hours

Total Marks : 70

- સૂચના :
- (1) બધા જ પ્રશ્નો સરજીયાત છે.
 - (2) જમણા બાજુ દર્શાવેલ બંધ પ્રશ્નોમાં ગુણ સુધરે છે.
 - (3) ઉપરોક્ત સ્વરૂપે બધાં પ્રશ્નોનું ઉત્તર આપવું.

1 (બ) સહસ્ત્ર વર્ષો : (કોઈ પણ બેસ)

- (1) શ્રેણી સૃષ્ટિ અને પર્ણવણ વચ્ચેના આનુસંગિક જણાવી પર્ણવણમાં મુખ્ય ફરકોની કિયારીબતા વર્ણવી.
- (2) ભૂગોળ ભૂપરિવર્ણના આધારે ભૂગોળ અને શ્રેણી વચ્ચે વર્ણવી.

7 (બ) ક્રેટાસીય ઘણા : (કોઈ પણ બેસ)

- (1) ભૂગોળ નિર્માણમાં આબોલોથેકસ વર્ણવવાની ફાળા.
- (2) ભૂગોળ નિર્માણ.

2 (બ) સહસ્ત્ર વર્ષો : (કોઈ પણ બેસ)

- (1) શ્રેણી સૃષ્ટિમાં વિસ્તરણ અને સંકોચનનાં લક્ષણો.
- (2) સંકોચન વચ્ચેનાં ફરકોનું આનુસંગિક વર્ણવવું.

RB-423

- (8) લાડીશા જલિય મનસાલિ છે. તેના કોઈ પણ બે કાસાં આપી.
- (7) વાપ્યા આપી : ઉપાદક્ષા.
- (6) આકાર જાળ એટલે શું?
- (5) વાપ્યા આપી : સલભીજાત.
- (4) કાસાં આપી : અમરવલ સંપૂર્ણ પરીપજ્જી વનસાલિ છે.
- (3) પૂરૂન એટલે શું?
- (2) કાસે સમજાવું : હિમસ
- (1) જીવ વાસ એટલે શું?
- (બ) મીઠા મનસાં ઉતારી આપી :
 - (3) પરીપજ્જીશીકામ કસીયાલી
 - (2) નાઈટીંગન યુક
 - (1) જીવનું જાધાસ
- 4 (બ) કૈસીય લખા : (કોઈ પણ બે)
 - (1) જીવનું જાધાસ
 - (2) નાઈટીંગન યુક
- 10 (બ) કૈસીય લખા : (કોઈ પણ એક)
 - (1) Y-Shape ઉર્જા યોડિલ
 - (2) નાઈટીંગન યુક
- 7 (બ) કૈસીય લખા : (કોઈ પણ એક)
 - (1) Y-Shape ઉર્જા યોડિલ
 - (2) નાઈટીંગન યુક
- 10 (બ) કૈસીય લખા : (કોઈ પણ એક)
 - (1) જીવનું જાધાસ
 - (2) નાઈટીંગન યુક
- 3 (બ) કૈસીય લખા : (કોઈ પણ એક)
 - (1) જીવનું જાધાસ
 - (2) નાઈટીંગન યુક
- 8 (બ) કૈસીય લખા : (કોઈ પણ એક)
 - (1) જીવનું જાધાસ
 - (2) નાઈટીંગન યુક

ENGLISH VERSION

- Instructions :** (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Figures to the right side indicate marks of the questions. (3) Illustrate your answer with neat and labelled diagrams.

- | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-----|--|----|
| 10 | | 1 | (a) | Describe in detail : (any one)
(1) Describe interrelationship between the living world and the environment and explain activity of main components of environment.
(2) Explain physical and biological components of soil. | 7 |
| | | | (b) | Write short notes : (any one)
(1) Role of climatic factors in soil development
(2) Pedogenesis | |
| | | 2 | (a) | Describe in detail : (any one)
(1) Analytical and synthetic features of biological society.
(2) Positive interrelationship between living organisms. | 10 |
| | | | (b) | Write short notes : (any one)
(1) Water in soil
(2) Autotrophy and heterotrophy types of energy sources. | 8 |
| 10 | | 3 | (a) | Describe in detail : (any one)
(1) Geographical region of India showing the diversity of Flora.
(2) Explain the Adaptations of Xerophytic plants by giving an one example of a plant. | 10 |

- (b) Write short notes : (any one)
- (1) Y-Shape energy model
 - (2) Continental drift theory
- 7
- 4 (a) Write short notes : (any two)
- (1) Soil texture
 - (2) Nitrogen cycle
 - (3) Ecological niche
- (b) Give answer as directed:
- (1) What is Biome?
 - (2) Explain terms : Humus
 - (3) What is pedon?
 - (4) Give reason : Cascula is a total parasitic plant
 - (5) Give definition : Commensalism.
 - (6) What is food webs?
 - (7) Give definition : Productivity.
 - (8) Give any two reasons : Why Hydrilla is an aquatic plants?
- 8
- 10



RB-432

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem.-V) Examination

October - 2023

CC-BOT-504 : Plant Systematics

(New Course)

Time : 2:30 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

સૂચના : (1) મધ્યે ૪ કલાક સંજોગ્ય છે.

(2) જમણી બાજુ દર્શાવેલ એક કલાકની ઓછા સમય છે.

(3) ઉત્તરી સ્વરૂપ અને વાસ્તવિકીય સ્વરૂપ આપ્યા.

1 (અ) સંવિસ્તર કરાવો : (કોઈ પણ એક) 10

(1) કોષવિભાજના આધારિત વર્ણવવામાં આવેલા કોષો.

(2) વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો અને વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો.

(બ) મધ્યે ૪ કલાક સંજોગ્ય : (કોઈ પણ એક) 7

(1) કોષો અને કોષો (મોનોકોષીય).

(2) વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો અને વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો.

2 (અ) સંવિસ્તર કરાવો : (કોઈ પણ એક) 10

(1) વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો અને વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો.

(2) વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો અને વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો.

(બ) મધ્યે ૪ કલાક સંજોગ્ય : (કોઈ પણ એક) 8

(1) વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો અને વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો.

(2) વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો અને વાસ્તવિકીય કોષો.

RB-432]

1

[Contd...

- (8) કયા કૃતિની વનસ્પતિઓમાં શયોગતલી પરાગવાહીની શરૂઆત થાય?
- (7) ભારતમાં પ્રચલિત ધાતુ કોઈ પણ બે જાતોમાં નથી વસતી? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (6) કયા જાતના વનસ્પતિઓમાં વસતી થાય?
- (5) કયા જાતના વનસ્પતિઓમાં વસતી થાય?
- (4) વૃક્ષોમાં વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (3) વૃક્ષોમાં વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (2) વૃક્ષોમાં વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (1) વનસ્પતિ વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?

8

- (બ) કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (3) વનસ્પતિ વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (2) વનસ્પતિ વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (1) વનસ્પતિ વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?

10

- (બ) કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (2) વનસ્પતિ વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (1) વનસ્પતિ વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (બ) કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (2) વનસ્પતિ વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?
- (1) વનસ્પતિ વસતી થાય? કયા કૃતિમાં વસતી થાય?

7

10

3

ENGLISH VERSION

- Instructions :** (1) All questions are compulsory.
 (2) Figures to the right side indicate marks of the questions.
 (3) Illustrate your answer with neat and labelled diagrams.

- 1 (a) Describe in detail : (any one) 10
 (1) Sources of cytology as taxonomical evidence.
 (2) Any three botanical gardens of India.
 (b) Describe in short : (any one) 7
 (1) Flora and Monographs
 (2) Role of phytochemistry in taxonomy

- 2 (a) Describe in detail : (any one) 10
 (1) Principles of nomenclature and typification.
 (2) Concept of species and genus.
 (b) Describe in short : (any one) 8
 (1) Explain : Rejection of plant names.
 (2) Rules of priority for plant nomenclature.

- 3 (a) Describe in detail : (any one) 10
 (1) Mention the salient features of Brassicaceae family, draw floral diagram and floral formula and give any two botanical names of plants included in it.
 (2) Mention the salient features of Euphorbiaceae family. Draw floral diagram and floral formula and give any two botanical names of plants included in it.

- (b) Describe in short : (any one)
- (1) Anthostrobilus (Bennettitales) theory about the origin of Angiosperms.
 - (2) Merits and demerits of classification system of Bentham and Hooker.
- 4 (a) Write short notes : (any two)
- (1) Function of Herbarium
 - (2) Concept of family
 - (3) Give classification chart of families included in your syllabus (According to Bentham - Hooker)
- (b) Give short answer as directed:
- (1) What is plant classification?
 - (2) Which is biggest botanical garden of Gujarat?
 - (3) What is Holotype?
 - (4) Give full forms: ICRN.
 - (5) Mention floral formula of Asteraceae family.
 - (6) Plant of which family have the characteristic of simple umbel and verticillaster inflorescence.
 - (7) Mention any two names of journal published in India.
 - (8) Plants of which family have gynobasic style?
- 8
- 10
- 7



RB-403

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Mathematics : CC MATH-501

(Group Theory)

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

Instructions :

(1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Figure to the right indicates the marks of the corresponding question

1

Attempt any three :

18

(a) State and prove the Lagrange's theorem.

(b) Find all the subgroups of a cyclic group of order 12 with generator a . Also find order of each element of the group and all the generator of the group.

(c) Prove that intersection of any two subgroups of a group G is also a subgroup of G , but union is not always a subgroup of G , give an example.

(d) Define subgroup of a group G . Prove that a non-empty subset H of a group G is a subgroup of G

iff $\forall a, b \in H \Rightarrow ab^{-1} \in H$.

1

RB-403]

[Contd..

- (d) In a commutative group G , the elements a and b are of order m and n respectively. If $(m, n) = 1$ then prove that order of ab is mn .
- (c) Let $G = \langle R, + \rangle$ and $G' = \langle R^+, * \rangle$ be two groups. Define $\phi: G \rightarrow G'$ by $\phi(x) = e^x$, for every $x \in G$. Prove that ϕ is an isomorphism of G into G' .
- (b) Define homomorphism and Kernel of a homomorphism. Prove that the group $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$ under multiplication is isomorphic with the group $Z_4 = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$.
- (a) State and prove the 'Cayley's theorem.

18

3

Attempt any three :

- (d) Define the permutation group S_n and show that S_n is a finite non-commutative group of order $n!$, if $n > 2$.
- (c) Prove that a subgroup N of group G is normal iff $gNg^{-1} = N$.
- (3) Find $O(f^{-1})$.
- (2) f as a product of transpositions.
- (1) f as a product of disjoint cycles.

then express

(b) If $f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 \\ 9 & 6 & 10 & 8 & 1 & 7 & 2 & 5 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \in S_{10}$

K then show that $G/K \cong G'$.

- (a) Let $\phi: G \rightarrow G'$ be a homomorphism with Kernel

18

Attempt any three :

2

4 Attempt any four :

(a) In a group G , prove that

$$(1) \quad O(a) = O(a^{-1}), \forall a \in G$$

(2) If $O(a) = n$ and p is prime to n , then prove

$$\text{that } O(a^p) = n.$$

(b) Show that $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$ is a group under multiplication. Find the order of i and $-i$.

(c) If $G = \{(1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (1, 2, 3), (1, 3, 2)\}$ and

$$H = \{(1), (1, 2)\} \text{ then find all distinct right cosets}$$

of H in G .

(d) Prove that every permutation can be expressed as

a product of disjoint cycles.

(e) Show that the set of all inner automorphism of

group G is a normal subgroup of $A(G)$.



RB-411

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Mathematics : CC-MAT-502

(Mathematical Analysis - I) (New Course)

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

Instructions : (1) All questions are compulsory.
(2) Figure to the right indicates the marks of the corresponding question.

1 (a) Attempt any two : 12

(i) Suppose S is an ordered set with the least upper bound property. Let $B \subset S$, $B \neq \emptyset$ and B is bounded below. Let L be the set of all lower bound of B then $\alpha = \sup L$ exists in S and $\alpha = \inf B$.

(ii) State and prove Schwartz's inequality
(iii) Prove that countable union of countable sets is countable.

(b) Attempt any one : 5

(i) Suppose $\bar{a}, \bar{b} \in \mathbb{R}^k$. Find $\bar{c} \in \mathbb{R}^k$ and $r > 0$ such that $|\bar{x} - \bar{a}| = 2|\bar{x} - \bar{b}|$ if and only if $|\bar{x} - \bar{c}| = r$.

(ii) Define convex set and open ball. Show that open ball is convex set.

RB-411]

- (a) 2 Attempt any two : 12
- (i) Let (X, d) be a metric space and $E \subset X$. Show that \bar{E} is smallest closed containing E .
- (ii) Prove that compact subsets of metric space are closed.
- (iii) Show that the set F is closed if and only if its complement is an open set.
- (b) 6 Attempt any one :
- (i) Let E^0 be the set of all interior points of E in a metric space X then show that E^0 is an open set.
- (ii) Let $d(x, y)$ be any metric on X . Define $d_1(x, y) = \frac{d(x, y)}{1 + d(x, y)}$ then show that d_1 is also metric on X .
- (a) 3 Attempt any two : 12
- (i) If $E \subset X$ and P is a limit point of E then there exists a sequence $\{P_n\}$ in E such that $P = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P_n$.
- (ii) Suppose
- (1) the partial sum A_n of $\sum a_n$ from a bounded sequence
- (2) $b_0 \geq b_1 \geq b_2 \dots \geq 0$
- (3) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = 0$ then prove that $\sum a_n b_n$ converges.
- (iii) Prove that the subsequence limit of a sequence $\{P_n\}$ in a metric space X form a closed subset of X .
- 3 (a) 12
- (i) Prove that the subsequence limit of a sequence $\{P_n\}$ in a metric space X form a closed subset of X .

(C) $\{0\}$ (A) \mathbb{A} (B) $[0, 1]$ points of the set A is(ii) Let $A = \left\{ \frac{1}{n} \mid n \in \mathbb{J} \right\}$ then the set of isolated

(C) 0

(A) 2

(B) 4

then $|1+z|^2 + |1-z|^2 =$ (i) If z is a complex number such that $|z|=1$

(b) Attempt any five :

$$\bigcup I^n \neq \emptyset.$$

(iii) Let k be a positive integer. If $\{I^n\}$ is a sequence of k -cell such that $I^n \supset I^{n+1}, n=1, 2, \dots$ then prove that if $p > 1$ and divergence, if $p \leq 1$.(ii) Prove that the series $\sum \frac{1}{p^n}$ is converges.exists $p \in \mathbb{Q}$ such that $x < p < y$.(i) If $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ and $x < y$ then prove that there

(a) Attempt any two :

$$\sum \frac{z^n}{3^{n+1}}$$

(ii) Discuss the converges of the following series

(i) If $S_1 = \sqrt{2}$ and $S_{n+1} = \sqrt{2 + S_n}$ then prove that $\{S_n\}$ converges and $S_n < 2$

(b) Attempt any one :

- (iii) Let \bar{Q} be the set of rational numbers then \bar{Q} is _____ in \mathbb{R} .
 (A) open
 (B) closed
 (C) dense
- (iv) The series $\sum \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ is _____.
 (A) Convergent
 (B) divergent
 (C) Converges to ∞
- (v) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{n} =$ _____
 (A) 5
 (B) 0
 (C) ∞
- (vi) Let $A = (0, 1)$, $B = (1, 2)$ then A and B are _____
 (A) connected
 (B) disconnected
 (C) non separable



RB-419-420

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Mathematics

Paper - CC-MATH-503(A) & CC-MATH-503(B)

(1) Mathematics : Paper - CC-MATH-503(A)

(Differential Equations) (New Course)

(2) Mathematics : Paper - CC-MATH-503(B)

(Complex Analysis)

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

Total Marks : 70

(1) Mathematics : Paper - CC-MATH-503(A)

(Differential Equations) (New Course)

Instructions :

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) The figures to the right indicate marks of the corresponding question.

I (A) In usual notation prove that 6

$$\frac{f(\theta)}{1} x^m = \frac{f(m)}{1} x^m \text{ if } f(m) \neq 0$$

and $\frac{(\theta - m)f(\theta)}{1} x^m = \frac{F(m)}{1} \frac{F(m)}{x^m} (\log x)$ where $F(m) \neq 0$.

RB-419-420]

- 3 (A) Describe the method of Variation of Parameters for solving equation $y^{(2)} + P_1 y^{(1)} + Q_1 y = R$.
6

given that $y = \frac{2}{\pi}$, $y^{(1)} = 1$ when $x = 0$.

- (iii) Solve : $y^{(2)} + \operatorname{cosec}^2 y \cot y = 0$.
(ii) Solve : $\left(y^{(3)} \right)^2 + x y^{(1)} - y^{(2)} = 0$.
(i) Solve : $y^{(2)} + 2 \tan x y^{(1)} + 3 y = \tan^2 x \sec x$.
(B) Attempt any two :
12

(A) Obtain the first integral of the equation

$$y^2 y'' - x y'^2 = x y^2.$$

OR

- 2 (A) Derive the condition for the exactness of linear Diff. equation.
6

$$3x^2 + 4x + 1.$$

(iii) Solve $(3x+2)y^{(2)} + 3(3x+2)y^{(1)} - 36y =$

(ii) Solve $\left\{ x^2 D^2 + 4x D + 2 \right\} y = e^x$.

$$y = n^2 x^m \log x.$$

- (i) Solve $x^2 y^{(2)} - (2m-1)xy^{(1)} + (m^2 + n^2)y =$
(B) Attempt any two :
12

method of undetermined coefficients.

(vi) Solve equation $y^{(2)} - 4y^{(1)} + 4y = e^x \sin x$ by

Factorization method.

(v) Solve $xy^{(2)} - (1+x)y^{(1)} + y = x^2$ by

(iv) Solve $y^{(2)} + \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2 y = 1$.

(iii) Solve $\sqrt{\left(\frac{d}{dx}\right)^2 - x^2} y^{(2)} = x$.

(ii) Solve $(x^2 D^2 - xD + 2)y = x^{-1}$.

(i) Solve $x^3 y^{(3)} - x^2 y^{(2)} - 6xy^{(1)} + 18y = 0$.

4 Attempt any four :

16

variable.

by the changing the independent

$\cos x y^{(2)} + \sin x y^{(1)} - 2 \cos^3 x y = 2 \cos^5 x$

(iii) Solve :

Form method)

changing the dependent variable (Normal

$y^{(2)} + 2n \cot(nx) y^{(1)} + (m^2 - n^2) y = 0$ by

(ii) Solve equation

$y = \cot x$ is a one solution.

(i) Solve : $\sin^2 x y^{(2)} = 2y$, given that

(B) Attempt any two :

12

(2) Mathematics : Paper - CC-MATH-503(B)
(Complex Analysis)

- Instructions : (1) All questions are compulsory.
(2) Figure to the right indicates the marks of the corresponding question.

1 (a) Prove that $(z+w)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} z^k w^{n-k}$ for $z, w \in \mathbb{C}$. 8

OR

- (a) Sketch the region $|z+2| + |z-2| = 6$ in \mathbb{C} . 8

- (b) Prove that $|z-w| \geq ||z| - |w||$ and show that 5

$\{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z-1| < 5\}$ is connected set in \mathbb{C} .

(c) Prove that $\frac{\operatorname{Re}(z_1+z_2)}{|z_1+z_2|} \leq \frac{|z_1|+|z_2|}{\|z_1\|+\|z_2\|}$. 5

- (d) If $D = \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Re}\left(\frac{z}{1-z}\right) \leq \frac{2}{3} \right\}$ then sketch the points 5

of D and find accumulation points for D , is D domain?

neighbourhood of z_0 .

a point z_0 , then $f(z) \neq 0$ through some

(d) If a function $f(z)$ is continuous and non zero at 5

$\mathbb{C} - \{0 + i0\}$ using $C - R$ equations.

(c) Show that $f(z) = \frac{z}{z}$ is not differentiable on 5

(b) Show that $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} f(z) = \infty \Leftrightarrow \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{f(z)} = 0$. 5

Attempt any two (each of 5 marks)

under the transformation $w = e^z$

(a) Find the image of $D = \left\{ (x, y) \mid -1 \leq x \leq 1, \frac{2}{\pi} \leq y \leq \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\}$ 7

OR

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} L(x, y) + l \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} A(x, y) = L_0$$

prove that $\lim_{z \rightarrow z_0} L(x, y) + iA(x, y) =$

2 (a) If $z_0 = x_0 + iy_0$ and $f(z) = L(x, y) + iA(x, y)$ then 7

$$\frac{d}{dz} \left[\frac{f(z)}{g(z)} \right] = \frac{f'(z)g(z) - f(z)g'(z)}{[g(z)]^2}; g(z) \neq 0.$$

- (a) If derivative of two function f and g exist at a point z , then prove that

OR

- 4 (a) Show that $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ is analytic in domain D iff v is a harmonic conjugate of u .

- (d) If $f'(z) = 0$ for all $z \in D$ then prove that $f(z)$ is constant in D .

- (c) Show that $u(x, y) = y^2 - 3x^2y$ is harmonic in some domain also find harmonic conjugate $v(x, y)$ of $u(x, y)$.

- (b) If $f(z) = U(x, y) + iV(x, y)$ and $\frac{\partial U}{\partial z} \neq 0$ then $f(z)$ is not differentiable.

Attempt any two (each of 5 marks)

- (a) If $f(re^{i\theta}) = U(r, \theta) + iV(r, \theta)$ then prove that $f'(z) = e^{-i\theta} (U_r + iV_r)$.

OR

- 3 (a) State and prove sufficient conditions for differentiability of $f(z) = U(x, y) + iV(x, y)$.

Attempt any two (each of 5 marks)

(b) Prove that

$$\left[\frac{dz}{dz} f(z) \right] = \frac{d}{dz} \left[f(z) \right] \times \left[\frac{dz}{dz} f(z) \right]$$

5

(c) Show that sequence $z^n = -1 + i \frac{1}{n}$ is converge to -1 . Also discuss about $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \arg(Z^n)$.

5

(d) Show that $f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$ is not continuous at $z = 0 + i0$.

5



RB-428-429

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Mathematics

Paper - CC-MAT-504(A) & CC-MAT-504(B)

(1) Mathematics : Paper - CC-MAT-504(A)

(Discrete Mathematics) (New Course)

(2) Mathematics : Paper - CC-MAT-504(B)

(Optimization Techniques) (New Course)

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

(1) Mathematics : Paper - CC-MAT-504(A)

(Discrete Mathematics) (New Course)

Instructions :

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Figure to the right indicates the marks of the corresponding question.

- (a) Define Hasse diagram. Draw the Hasse diagrams of the lattices having 4 distinct elements $\{a, b, I\}$.

OR

- (a) If (L, \leq) is a lattice and $a * b = g \wedge b \wedge a, b$; $a \oplus b = \text{lub}\{a, b\}$, $\forall a, b \in L$, then prove that : $a * (a \oplus b) = a$ and $a \oplus (a * b) = a$.

- (b) Attempt any two :

- (1) Define dual lattice and prove that every linearly ordered set is a lattice.
- (2) Give an example of a POSSET which has a minimal element but no maximal element.

RB-428-429]

1

[Contd...

$$x_1 x_2 x_3 + x_1 x_2 x_3$$

$$(ii) f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1 x_2 x_3 + x_1 x_2 x_3 +$$

$$(i) f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 x_2 + x_1 x_2 \text{ and}$$

- 6 (a) Represent the following Boolean functions using the Karnaugh map representation:

OR

$$(ii) f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_1 * x_2) \oplus (x_1 * x_2) \oplus x_1$$

$$(i) g(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 * x_1) \oplus (x_1 * x_1)$$

- 3 (a) Which of the following Boolean expressions are symmetric?

and Sub lattice.

(3) Define : Complete lattice, Bounded lattice

theorem.

(2) State and prove Stone's representation

$$A(x * y) = A(x) \sim A(y)$$

and $x, y \in B$ then prove that

(1) Let $(B, *, \oplus, 0, 1)$ be a Boolean Algebra

- 12 (b) Attempt any two :

lattice.

- 5 (a) State and prove Modular inequalities in

OR

are isomorphic lattices for $A = \{a, b, c\}$.

- 2 (a) Show that $(S_{30}, *, \oplus)$ and $(P(A), \cap, \cup)$

is also a lattice.

(3) Define direct product of two lattices and

prove that direct product of two lattices

$$a(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1 \oplus (x_1 * x_2 * x_3) \oplus (x_1 * x_2 * x_3)$$

expression :

(4) Draw the Gate diagram of Boolean

Sub Boolean Algebra.

(3) Define : Lattice Homomorphism and

illustration

(2) Define complemented lattice with

$$f(x) = f - A(x).$$

and $x, y \in B$, then prove that

(1) If $\langle B, *, \oplus, 0, 1 \rangle$ is a Boolean Algebra

(b) Attempt any three :

12

order isomorphic nor isomorphic lattices.

(a) Show that $\langle S_{18}, D \rangle$ and $\langle S_{18}, \leq \rangle$ are neither

5

OR

4 (a) State and prove De Morgan's law.

5

illustration

(3) Define : Boolean expression with

canonical form.

sum of products and product of sums

(2) Express $a(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_1 * x_2) \oplus x_3$ as

variable.

(1) Define : Minterm, Maxterm, Boolean

12

(b) Attempt any two :

- (1) A manufacturer produces two different models X and Y of the same, 10 product unit and model Y , Rs. 30 per unit towards total profit. Raw materials r_1 and r_2 required for production At least 8 Kg of r_1 and 12 Kg of r_2 must be used daily. Also at most 34 hours of labour are to be utilized. A quantity of 2 Kg of r_1 is needed for model X and 1 Kg of r_1 for model Y . For each of X and Y , 1 Kg of r_2 is required. It takes 3 hours to manufacture model X and 2 hours to manufacture model Y . How many units of each model should be produced to maximize the profit? Solve Graphically.
- (b) Attempt any one : 10

- (a) Prove that a basic feasible solutions of linear programming problem is a vertex of the convex set of feasible solutions. 7

OR

- (a) Prove that if the convex set of the feasible solution of $Ax = b, x \geq 0$ is a convex polyhedron then at least one of the extreme points is an optimal solution. 7

- Instructions: (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Figures to the right indicate the marks of the corresponding question.

(2) Mathematics : Paper - CC-MAT-504(B)
(Optimization Techniques) (New Course)

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 1$$

$$-2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 = 2$$

Subject to constraints

$$\text{Minimize } Z = x_1 - 2x_2 - 3x_3$$

programming problem

- 2 (a) Use Big-M method to solve the given linear programming problem

The price of A's scrap is Rs. 200 per quintal and that of B is Rs. 400 per quintal. The firm wants to determine the quantities that it should buy from the two suppliers so that total cost is minimized. Formulate the LP problem and solve by the graphical method.

Metals	Supplier A	Supplier B
X	25%	75%
Y	10%	20%

- (2) A firm plans to purchase at least 200 quintals of scrap containing high quality metal X and low quality metal Y. It decides that the scrap to be purchased must contain at least 100 quintals of X-metal and not more than 35 quintals of Y-metal. The firm can purchase the scrap from two suppliers (A & B) in unlimited quantities. The percentage of X and Y metals in terms of weight in the scrap supplied by A and B is given below.

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

$$5x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 10$$

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 = 10$$

$$2x_1 + 4x_2 \leq 12$$

Subject to constraints

$$\text{Minimize } Z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$$

by Two-phase method

- (b) Solve the following linear programming problem 9

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 1$$

$$-2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 = 2$$

Subject to constraints

$$\text{Minimize } Z = x_1 - 2x_2 - 3x_3$$

programming problem.

- (a) Use Big-M method to solve the given linear programming problem. 9

OR

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 4$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \geq 2$$

Subject to constraints

$$\text{Minimize } Z = -2x_1 - x_2$$

by Two-phase method

- (b) Solve the following linear programming problem 9

$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$ and are integers.

$$6x_1 + 5x_2 = 30$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 16$$

Subject to condition

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 5x_1 + 5x_2$$

(2) Solve the given Integer programming problem using Gomory's cutting plane method:

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 \geq 16$$

$$-2x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 \geq 2$$

Subject to constraints

$$\text{Minimize } Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2 + 4x_3$$

programming problem.

(1) Using duality solve the following linear

(b) Attempt any one : 10

prove that $cx_0 \leq b^0 w_0$.

Minimize $Z = b^0 w_0$, such that $A^0 w = c^0$, $w \geq 0$, then

is a feasible solution to the dual problem.

Maximize $Z = cx_0$, such that $Ax = b$, $x \geq 0$, and w_0

(a) If x_0 is a feasible solution to the primal problem. 7

OR

3 (a) Prove that dual of dual is primal. 7

Attempt any two :

- (1) Find the dual of the following linear programming problem, also verify that the dual of the dual is primal.

$$\text{Minimize } Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3$$

Subject to constraints

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 \geq 2$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 + 7x_3 = 3$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 + 6x_3 \leq 5$$

$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$ and x_3 unrestricted in sign.

- (2) Solve by simplex method.

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 2x_1 + 5x_2 + 7x_3$$

Subject to constraints

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 \leq 100$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 100$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \leq 100$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

- (3) Explain the following terms in details:

(a) Feasible solution

(b) Surplus variable

(c) Extreme points of a vertex of a convex set.



RB-438

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Mathematics : ES-MAT-51

(Theory of Equations) (New Course)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Total Marks : 35

1 Attempt any four :

20

(a) Solve the equation $x^3 + x^2 - 16x + 20 = 0$ given that the difference between two roots is 7.

(b) Solve $2x^3 - x^2 - 22x - 24 = 0$ such that the two roots are in the ratio 3:4.

(c) Solve $x^4 - 10x^3 + 26x^2 - 10x + 1 = 0$ given that $3 + 2\sqrt{2}$ is a root.

(d) Solve the equation $3x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 88 = 0$, given that $2 - i\sqrt{7}$ is a root.

(e) Find the condition in which the roots of $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$ where $a \neq 0$, are in arithmetical progression.

(f) Solve the equation $6x^3 - 11x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$ whose roots are in harmonic progression?

RB-438]

1

[Contd...

2

Attempt any three :

15

(a) If α, β and γ are the roots of

$$x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c = 0, \text{ form an equation whose}$$

roots are $\alpha + \beta, \beta + \gamma, \gamma + \alpha$.

(b) If α, β and γ are the roots of the $x^3 + px + q = 0$,

then find $\sum \alpha^3$ and $\sum \alpha^4$.

(c) Fit a second degree parabola to the following data

using method of least squares :

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	1	1.8	1.3	2.5	6.3

(d) Obtain a relation of the form $y = ab^x$ for the

following data by the method of least squares :

x	2	3	4	5	6
y	8.3	15.4	33.1	65.2	127.4

(e) Solve $4x^3 + 8x^2 + 5x + 1 = 0$, given that it has a

double root.



RB-407

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Microbiology : Paper - MB - 501

(Molecular Biology)

(Core Course) (New Course)

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

1 A. Answer any two questions from the following : 14

1. Discuss - Mitochondria and Chloroplast

2. Describe Rolling Circle and Theta model

of DNA replication.

3. Discuss the enzymes and proteins taking

part in DNA replication.

4. Answer any four questions from the following : 4

1. Define: Linking Number.

2. Explain the term: RNA primase.

3. Define: Repisome

4. Explain: Ori-C.

5. What is DNA complementarity?

2 A. Answer any two questions from following : 14

1. Describe Elongation and termination

process of DNA transcription.

2. Write in short about types of RNA

3. Write a short note on Alternative splicing.

polyadenylation and capping.

RB-407]

- B. Answer any three Questions from the following : 3
1. Define: introns.
 2. Explain the term: si RNA
 3. Define: Transcription
 4. What is Pribnow sequence?
- A. Answer any two questions from the following : 14
1. Write a short note on tryptophan operon.
 2. Discuss the termination process of peptides synthesis in procarotes.
 3. Describe the elongation cycle of translation.
- B. Answer any four questions from the following : 4
1. Explain the term: DNA methylation.
 2. Define: mRNA
 3. Name the start codon of translation.
 4. Draw labelled diagram of tRNA.
 5. Define : Operon.
- A. Answer any two questions from the following : 14
1. Explain DNA structure with suitable diagrams.
 2. Write a short note on Bacterial Promoters.
 3. Discuss the charging of tRNA and aminoacyl tRNA synthetase.
- B. Answer any three from the following questions: 3
1. Explain the term: Bidirectional replication.
 2. What is the function of RNA polymerase?
 3. Name two initiation factors of protein synthesis.
 4. What is the function of a helicase?



RB-443

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Microbiology : Paper - MB-SE-501

(Biosafety & Intellectual Property Rights) (Elective Course)

(New Course)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Total Marks : 35

Instructions : Indicate your options clearly.

1 (a) Answer any **two** questions from the following : 14

(1) Write a note on biosafety cabinets and their types.

(2) Discuss application of GMO.

(3) Detailed note on Role of institutional biosafety committees.

(b) Answer any **four** questions from following : 4

(1) What is application of GMO in agriculture field?

(2) Define Biosafety.

(3) Define Biohazards.

(4) What is Risk assessment?

(5) Full form of TBSC.

RB-443]

1

] Contd...

- 2 (a) Answer any **two** questions from following : 14
- (1) Write a note on patent application.
 - (2) Describe wipo.
 - (3) Note on patent filing process, licensing and agreement.
- (b) Answer any **three** questions from the following : 3
- (1) What is IPR?
 - (2) Enlist patent types.
 - (3) Define conventional patent.
 - (4) What is different between patentable and non patentable IPR.



RB-415

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Microbiology : Paper - MB - 502
(Microbial Physiology & Metabolism)

Seat No. _____

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

1 (A) Answer any two of the following : 14

1. Discuss continuous culture, chemostat and turbidostat.

2. Discuss various types of bacteria on the basis of oxygen requirements.

3. Write a short note on group translocation.

4. Answer in short : (any four)

1. Define specific growth rate.

2. What is the tolerance range of salt for halophiles?

3. Name two Thermophilic bacteria.

4. Define growth in terms of bacteria.

5. Which is the longest growth phase of bacteria? Why?

2 (A) Answer any two of the following : 14

1. Compare mitochondrial and bacterial ETC.

2. Write a short note on TCA cycle.

3. Write a short note on Anaerobic respiration.

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- (B) Answer in short : (any three)
1. Name two lactic acid bacteria
 2. Describe the two steps of denitrification process.
 3. What is Pasteur effect?
 4. Name the glycolytic pathway.
- 3
- (A) Answer any two of the following :
1. Discuss the Nitrogenase enzyme complex in detail
 2. Discuss photosynthetic metabolism
 3. Discuss various microorganisms involved in entire nitrogen cycle.
- (B) Answer in short : (any four)
1. What is the function of a heterocyst in cyanobacteria?
 2. What is leghaemoglobin?
 3. What is the terminal electron acceptor in aerobic chemolithotrophs?
 4. Name one iron oxidizing bacteria.
 5. Name one phototrophic aquatic bacteria.
- 4
- (A) Answer any two of the following :
1. Discuss various types of bacteria on the basis of pH tolerance
 2. Discuss Methods of measurement of microbial growth.
 3. Briefly discuss main mechanisms of nutrient transport.
- (B) Answer in short : (any three)
1. What is Glycolysis?
 2. Name one Psychrophil and give one example.
 3. Define primary metabolites.
 4. Give full form of PEP.
- 3



RB-424

Seat No.

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October - 2023

Microbiology : Paper - MB - 503

(Core Course) (Immunology) (New Course)

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

1 (a) Answer any **two** questions from the following : 14
immunity.
Discuss : Concept of Innate and Adaptive

(1) Discuss : Contribution of Edward Jenner, Karl Landsteiner and Peter Medawar in the field of immunology?

(3) Discuss : Cells involved in immune system with their properties and functions.

(b) Answer any **four** questions from following : 4
antigens?

(5) What do you mean by T-independent antigens?
(4) Full name: GALT.
(3) Enlist any two name of organs involved in immune system.

(2) Who is the father of immunology?
(1) Define: Immunity.

2 (a) Answer any **two** questions from following 14
antigen.
(1) What is Antigen? Discuss: characteristics of antigen.
(2) Discuss: Structure, types, function and properties of Antibodies.
(3) Write detail note on: MHC and their types.

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- (b) Answer any **three** questions from the following : 3
- (1) What are the major complement proteins?
 - (2) What are immunoglobulin determinants?
 - (3) What is the difference between monoclonal and chimeric antibodies?
 - (4) Full name: MHC.
- (a) Answer any **two** questions from following : 14
- (1) What is complement system? Discuss
 - (2) Explain Antigen Processing and Presentation with suitable pathways.
 - (3) Discuss: Generation of Humoral Immune response.
- (b) Answer any **four** questions from the following : 4
- (1) What is Adjuvant?
 - (2) What is Allotypic variation?
 - (3) What is Opsonization?
 - (4) What is function of Haptens?
 - (5) What is the function of Spleen?
- 4 (a) Answer any **two** questions from following : 14
- (1) Discuss: Generation of Cell mediated immune response.
 - (2) Explain immunodeficiency with suitable example of Animal model.
 - (3) Write detail note on: Western blotting.
- (b) Answer any **three** from the following questions : 3
- (1) Full name of: ELISA.
 - (2) What is Hypersensitivity?
 - (3) Name any two Autoimmune diseases.
 - (4) What is the Flow cytometry used for?



RB-433

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination
October - 2023
Microbiology : Paper - MB - 504 (Core)
(Microbial Diversity & Bacterial Systematics)
(New Course)

Time : 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

[Total Marks : 70

I A

Answer any two questions from the following : 14

1. Discuss in detail Whittaker's five kingdom classification system.

2. Write a short note on Acellular microorganisms

3. Compare and contrast prokaryotic and eukaryotic microorganism.

B

Answer any four Questions from the following : 4

1. Write contribution of Carl Weese.

2. Define: Microbial taxonomy.

3. Give the example of disease caused by protozoa.

4. Define: Species

5. Write the names of Economic importance of algae.

2 A

Answer any two Questions from the following : 14

1. Write short note on classification of Archaeobacteria.

2. General characteristics of Proteobacteria.

3. Discuss in detail Actinobacteria.

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[Contd...

- B. Answer an three questions from the following : 3
1. Define; Eubacteria.
 2. What is the concept of molecular chronometer?
 3. Give the example of Methanogens.
 4. Write the name of thermophile.
- 3 A. Answer any two questions from the following : 14
1. Economic importance of Algae
 2. Write a general characteristics and classification of fungi
 3. General characteristics of protozoa.
- B. Answer any four questions from the following : 4
1. Enlist the classes of Algae
 2. Define: mycosis.
 3. Which type of mode of reproduction observed in fungi?
 4. Explain term: saprophyte
 5. What are the different pigments found in algae?
- 4 A. Answer any two questions from the following : 14
1. Difference between Eubacteria and Archaeobacteria.
 2. Write a short note on gram negative low G+C firmicutes.
 3. Economic importance of Fungi.
- B. Answer any three from the following questions: 3
1. Give the example of Protozoa.
 2. Define: Halophile.
 3. Which type of mode of reproduction observed in Bacteria?
 4. Explain term polyphasic bacterial taxonomy.